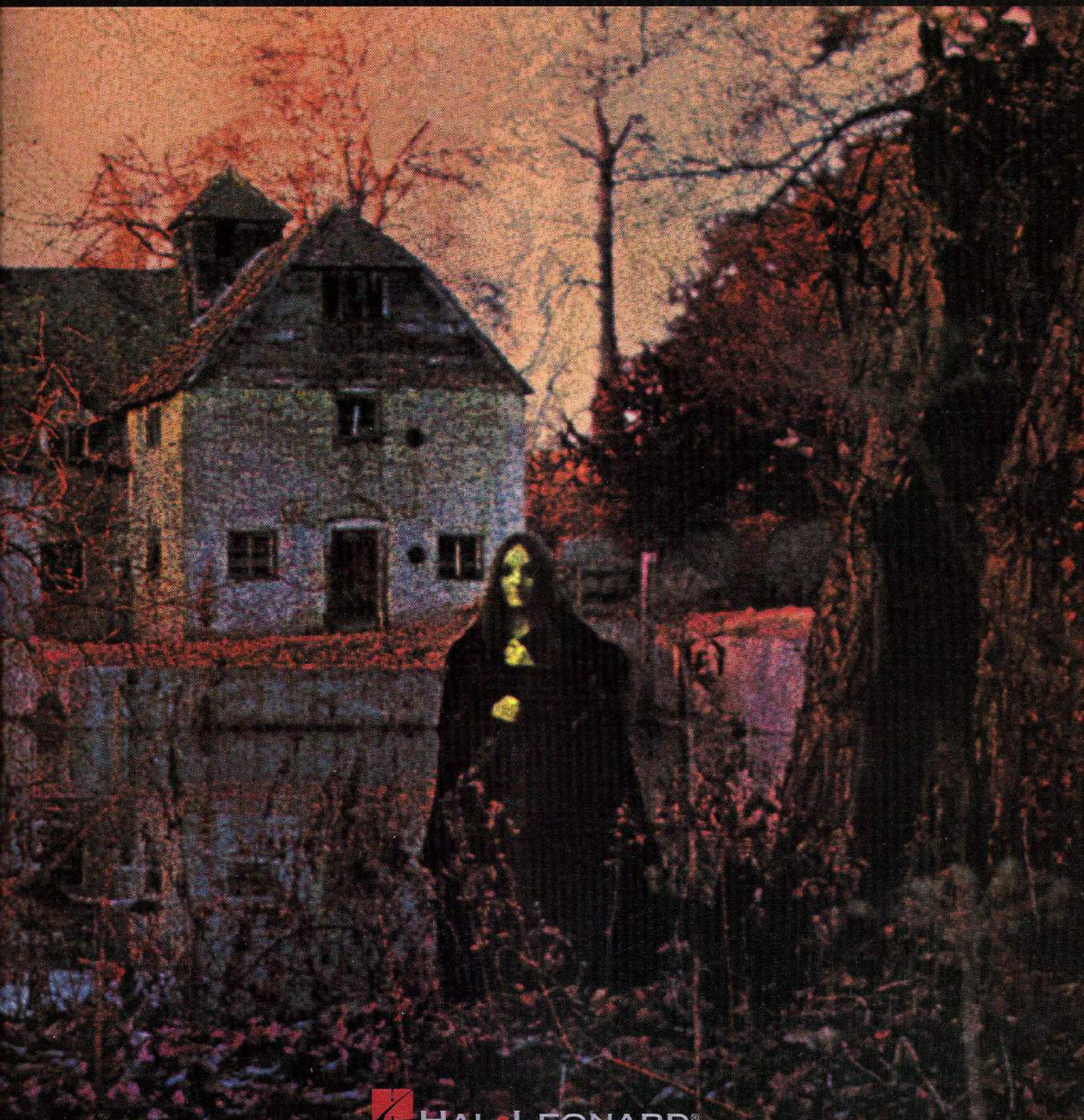


BLACK SABBATH





AUTHENTIC TRANSCRIPTIONS
WITH NOTES AND TABLATURE

Transcribed by
STEVE GORENBERG

BLACK SABBATH

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Photos by Andrew Kent/RETNA LTD.

Words and Music by Frank Iommi, John Osbourne, William Ward and Terence Butler

Intro

Slow Rock ♩ = 68

(thunderstorm & church
approx. 35 sec.

§

G5
tr. 1 (dist.)

N.C.

G5

N.C.

G5

N.C.

mf
simile on repeats

To Coda $\oplus$

G5

N.C.

Rhy. Fig. 1

End Rhy. Fig. 1

p w/ slight dist.

Verse

Gtr. 1: w/ Rhy. Fig. 1, 4 times

N.C.

1. What is this that stands before me? _____
2. Big black shape with eyes of fire, _____

Fig - ure in black _____ which points _____ at me. _____
tell - ing _____ peo - ple _____ their _____ de - sire. _____

Turn 'round quick and start _____ to run. _____
Sa - tan's sit - ting _____ there, — he's _____ smil - ing.

Find out I'm _____ the cho - sen one. _____
 Watch-es those flames - get high-er and high - er.

Oh, no! _____
Oh, no, no, please God help me!

2nd time, D.S. al Coda

⊕ Coda

Interlude
Faster ♩ = 126

N.C.

Gtr. 1 G5

G5

Gtr. 1 G5

Interlude

Faster ♩ = 126

N.C.

G5

P.M.

Gtr. 2 (dist.)

Rhy. Fig. 2

End Rhy. Fig. 2

Rhy. Fig. 2

End Rhy. Fig. 2

P.M.

Rhy. Fig. 2A

End Rhy. Fig. 2A

Rhy. Fig. 2A

End Rhy. Fig. 2A

Gtrs. 1 & 2: w/ Rhy. Figs. 2 & 2A, 8 times

Is it the end my friend? Sa-tan's com-in' 'round the bend.

Peo-ple run-nin' 'cause they're scared. You

peo - ple bet - ter go and be - ware. No, no, please, no.

Guitar Solo

G Gm7 G Gm7 N.C. G Gm7 G Gm7

Gtr. 1

P.H.

Rhy. Fig. 3

End Rhy. Fig. 3

Gtr. 2

w/ heavy chorus

Gtr. 2: w/ Rhy. Fig. 3, 7 times

G Gm7 G Gm7

8va

loco

G Gm7 G

8va

Gm7 G Gm7

15 15 15 17 18 15 16 (18) 15 18 (18) 15 18 (18) 18 15 18 (15) 15 18 15 18

[illegible]

The image shows a musical score for guitar, consisting of two staves labeled "Gtr. 1" and "Gtr. 2". The music is written in a key signature of one flat (B-flat major or D minor). The score includes two main sections: one in G major and another in G minor (Gm7). The notation includes musical notes, rests, and triplets. Below the musical notation, there is a tablature system with six lines representing the guitar strings. The tablature uses numbers 1-5 and 'x' to indicate fret positions and natural harmonics. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The first section is in G major, and the second section is in G minor (Gm7). The key signature changes to D major (no sharps or flats) in the final section of the score.

The Wizard

Words and Music by Frank Iommi, John Osbourne, William Ward and Terence Butler

Intro

Moderately Slow ♩ = 102

A5 C5 A5

N.C.

A5 C5 A5

N.C.

(harmonica) * Gtrs. 1 & 2 (dist.)

mf

* composite arrangement

A5 C5 A5

N.C.

A5 C5 A5

N.C.

Gtr. 2 tacet

Gtr. 1

A5 C5 A5

Gtrs. 1 & 2

N.C.

A5 C5 A5

N.C.

Gtr. 1 A B $\flat$ A B $\flat$ A(b5)

Gtr. 2 Rhy. Fig. 1 End Rhy. Fig. 1

Verse

Gtr. 2: w/ Rhy. Fig. 1, 4 times

A B $\flat$ A N.C. A B $\flat$ 5

1. Mist-y morn - ing, _____ clouds in the sky. _____ With-out warn - ing _____

Gtr. 1

A5 N.C. A5 B $\flat$ 5

a wiz-ard walks by. _____ Cast-ing his shad - ow, _____

A5 N.C. A5 B $\flat$ 5 A5

weav-ing his spell. _____ Long grey cloak, _____ twin-kl-ing bell. _

Chorus

C5 B5 A5

C5 B5 A5

C5 B5 A5



Nev-er talk - ing, _

just keep walk - ing, _

push-ing his mag - ic. _

Rhy. Fig. 2

Gr. 2



10 9 14 14
10 9 12 12
8 7

10 9 14 14
10 9 12 12
8 7

10 9 14 14
10 9 12 12
8 7

Gr. 1



10 9 7 7
8 7 5 5

10 9 7 7
8 7 5 5

10 9 7 7
8 7 5 5

Interlude

C5 B5 A5

A5 C5 A5

End Rhy. Fig. 2



10 9 14 14
10 9 12 12
8 7

14 17 14
14 17 14
12 15 12



10 9 7 7
8 7 5 5

7 10 7
7 10 7
5 8 5

5 5 1/4
5 7 5 3 5 3

A5

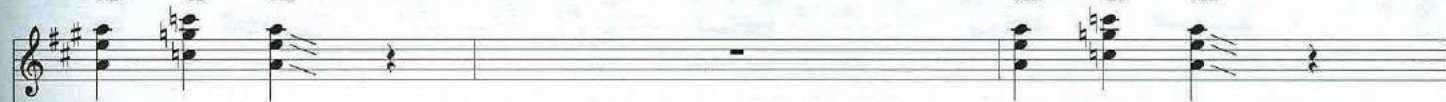
C5

A5

A5

C5

A5



14 17 14
14 17 14
12 15 12

14 17 14
14 17 14
12 15 12



7 10 7
7 10 7
5 8 5

5 5 1/4
5 7 5 3 5 3

7 10 7
7 10 7
5 8 5

5 (5) 14

A5 C5 A5

14 17 14 14
14 17 14 14
12 15 12 12

Verse

Gtr. 2: w/ Rhy. Fig. 1

A Bb A

Gtr. 1

A5 Bb A N.C.

2. E-vil pow - er _____ dis-ap - pears. _____

A5 Bb A N.C. A5 Bb

De-mons wor - ry _____ when the wiz-ard is near. _____ He turns tears _____

full

10 12 17

A5 N.C. A5 Bb

in - to joy. _____ Ev - 'ry-one's hap - py _____

7 7 7
5 5 5

5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7

7 7 8
5 5 6

Chorus

Gtr. 2: w/ Rhy. Fig. 2

C5 B5 A5

A5
 C5 B5 A5
 C5 B5 A5
 when the wiz-ard walks by. — Nev-er talk - in' — just keeps walk - in', —
 Gtr. 1
 7 7 5 5
 5 (5)
 10 9 7 5 7 10 9 7 5 7

Guitar Solo

Gtr. 2: w/ Rhy. Fig. 1, 4 times

A5

Gr. 2: w/ Rhy. Fig. 1, 4 times

A5

Bb

C5 B5 A5

trudg-in' his mag - ic. _

10 9 7 7
8 7 5 5

10 9 7 7
8 7 5 5

7 7
5 5

7
8
8
8
6

A5 N.C. A Bb

7 7 5 3 5 3 3 5 7 5 7 5 7 (7) 15 7 7 5 7 5 7 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 7 5 8 5

A Bb

A Bb A

Harmonica Solo

Gtr. 2: w/ Rhy. Fig. 1

A5

Bb5

A5

play 4 times

Verse

Gtr. 2: w/ Rhy. Fig. 1, 4 times

A5

Bb

A5

3. Sun is shin - in', _____ clouds have gone by. _____

A5 Bb A5 Bb5

All the peo - ple _____ give a hap - py sigh. _____ Seers - pass by _____

A5 Bb A5

gov - er - nor's sign, _____ tells all the peo - ple _____ feel - in' so fine. _

Chorus

Gtr. 2: w/ Rhy. Fig. 2, 1st 3 meas.

C5 B5 A5

C5 B5 A5

C5 B5 A5

Nev-er talk - in' -

just keeps walk - in' -

drag-gin' his mag - ic. -

Outro

A5 C5 A5
Rhy. Fig. 3

N.C.

End Rhy. Fig. 3

Gtr. 2

Gtr. 1

Gtr. 2: w/ Rhy. Fig. 3, 3 times

Gtr. 1

A5 C5 A5

N.C.

A5 C5 A5

N.C.

A5 C5 A5

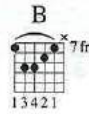
N.C.

Gtr. 1

Gtr. 2 tacet

Wasp

Words and Music by Anthony Iommi, John Osbourne, William Ward and Terence Butler



Moderate Rock ♩ = 132 (♩ = ♩)

B

Asus4/B

B

Gtr. 1

Gtrs. 1 & 2 (dist.)

play 4 times

Gtr. 2

f

(Gtr. 1 cont. in slash)

let ring

let ring



(cont. in notation)



1., 2., 3.

4.

Segue to "Behind the Wall of Sleep"

B

Asus4/B

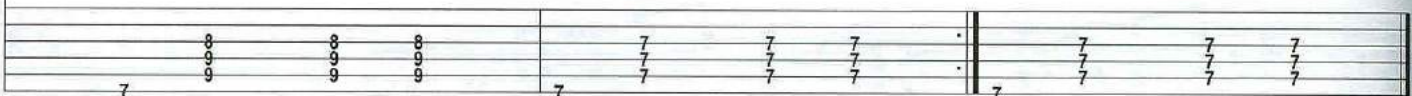
Asus4/B

Gtrs. 1 & 2

let ring

let ring

let ring



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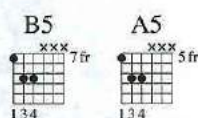
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Behind the Wall of Sleep

Words and Music by Frank Iommi, John Osbourne, William Ward and Terence Butler



Intro

Moderately Slow Rock ♩ = 90

N.C.(B5)

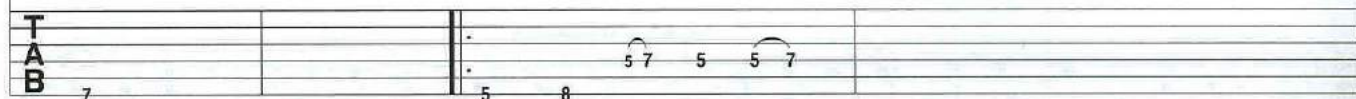
Verse

N.C.(A5)

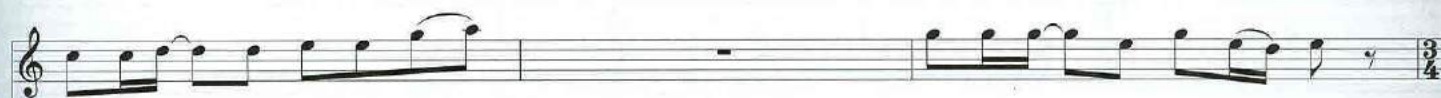
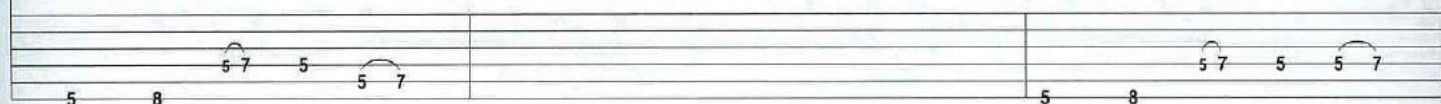


1. Pleas-ures cupped with-in the flow-er.
2. Chill that numbs from head to toe.
3. Now from dark-ness there springs night.

Gtrs. 1 & 2 (dist.)



Dead - ly pet - als with strange - pow-er.
Ic - y sun with frost - y glow.
Wall of sleep is cold and bright.



Fac - es shine a dead - ly smile,
Words a - go read to your sor - row.
Wall of sleep is ly - ing bro - ken.

look up - on you at your trial.
Words a - go read no to-mor-row.
Sun shines in, you have a-wok-en.



The image shows a musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". At the top, the title "The Rose Tree" is written in a decorative, cursive font. Below the title, the lyrics "The Rose Tree, the Rose Tree, the Rose Tree, the Rose Tree" are written in a simple, sans-serif font. The musical notation is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody is a simple, repetitive tune. Below the staff, there are four measures of fingerings, each corresponding to a measure of the melody. The fingerings are written as numbers 1 through 9, with some numbers repeated. The first measure has fingerings 10, 7, 9, 9, 7, 9, 9, 7, 9. The second measure has fingerings 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6. The third measure has fingerings 6, 9, 9, 9, 9. The fourth measure has fingerings 7, 9, 7, 9, 7, 9. The word "full" is written at the end of the fourth measure, with an arrow pointing to the final note.

Interlude

Faster ♩ = 132 (♩ - ♩³)

B Asus4/B Asus4/B

Gtrs. 1 & 2

D.C. al Coda

let ring ——— let ring ——— let ring ———

7 9

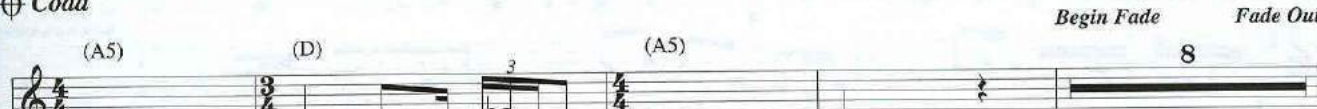
8 8 8
7 7 7
7 7 7

7 7 7
7 7 7

 *Coda*

Segue to "Basically"
Begin Fade *Fade Out*

(A5) (D) 3 (A5) 8



Bassically

Music by Anthony Iommi, John Osbourne, William Ward and Terence Butler

Moderately Slow ♩ = 90

* Gtr. 1 N.C.(Em)

mf w/ wah-wah

TAB

7 7 5 7 5 7 7 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 9 7 9 9 7 9 9 7 9 5

1/2 full 1/4 1/2 1/4

* Bass arr. for gtr.

3

1/2 1/4 1/4 1/2 full

7 5 7 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 3 0 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 7 7 5 7

1/4 1/4 1/2 1/4

5 7 9 7 9 9 7 9 7 9 5 7 5 7 5 5 7 7 7 7 5 7 5 7 5

1/2 1/4 *mp* full 1/2 1/2

7 5 3 0 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 7 7 5 5 5 7 7 7 5 7 5 7

1/4 1/2 1/4 1/4 1/4

5 7 5 7 5 7 7 7 5 7 9 7 9 9 7 9 7 9 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 7 7 5 7 5 7

p

1/2

* < *mf*

5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 7 5 5 7 6 7 6 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 (7) (7) 5

* w/ vol. knob

Segue to "N. I. B."

N.I.B.

Words and Music by Frank Iommi, John Osbourne, William Ward and Terence Butler

Intro Moderately ♩ = 104

* Gtr. 1 (dist.)

Rhy. Fig. 1

mf

End Rhy. Fig. 1

T
A
B

7 7 5 7 5 4 7 7 5 7 7 9 7 5 7 7 5 7 5 4 7 7 5 7 5 7 5

* Bass arr. for gtr.



Gtr. 1: w/ Rhy. Fig. 1, simile

E5 D5 E5 G5 F#5 E5 D5 E5 N.C. E5 D5 E5 G5 F#5

Oh, yeah,

Gtrs. 2 & 3 (dist.)

mp

simile on repeats

full

10 8

9 9 7 9 12 11 9 9 7 9 9 7 5 9 12 11 9 9 7 9 12 11 9

Verse

Gtr. 1: w/ Rhy. Fig. 1, 2 times, simile

E5 D5 E5 N.C.

E5 D5 E5 G5 F#5 E5 D5 E5 N.C

1. Some peo - ple say my love can - not be true.
- 2., 4. Fol - low me now and you will not re - gret
3. Now I have you with me un - der my pow'r.

6

1/4 1/4

9 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 12 11 9 9 7 9 12 11 9 9 7 9 12 11 9

E5 D5 E5 G5 F#5 E5 D5 E5 N.C. E5 D5 E5 G5 F#5

Please be - lieve me, my love, and I'll show you. I will give you those things
 liv - ing the life you lead be - fore we met. You are the first to have
 Our love grows stron - ger now with ev - 'ry hour. Look in - to my eyes, you'll

6

9 7 9 7 5 7 12 11 9 7 9 7 5 7 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 5 7 12 11 9

E5 D5 E5 N.C. E5 D5 E5 G5 F#5 E5 D5 E5

you thought un - real. The sun, the moon, the stars all bear my seal.
 this love of mine, for - ev - er with me 'til the end of time.
 see who I am. My name is Lu - ci - fer, please take my hand.

1/4 1/4

9 7 9 7 5 7 9 7 5 7 12 11 9 9 7 9 7 5 7 9 7 5 7

1. **Interlude**
 Gtr. 1 tacet
 N.C.(E5)
 Gtrs. 2 & 3

(D5) (C5) B5 To Coda 1

full full full (7)

5 7 5 7 7 5 7 7 5 7 5 7 7 5 7 7 5 7 5 7 7 5 7 7 7 10 7 10 7 10 7 10 (7)

2. **Bridge**
 Gtr. 1 tacet
 E5 D5 C5 B5

Your love for me has just got to be real

Gtrs. 2 & 3

9 7 7 5 5 3 (4) 4 2

E5 D5 C5 B5

be - fore you know — the way — I'm go - in' to feel, —

9 7 7 5 5 3 5 3 4 2 4 2

C5 B5 C5 B5

I'm go - in' to feel, — I'm go - in' to feel. —

*D.S. al Coda 1 (take 1st ending)
2nd time, To Coda 2*

5 3 5 3 4 2 4 2 5 3 5 3 4 2

⊕ Coda 1

N.C.(E5)
Gtrs. 2 & 3

(D5) (C5)

5 4 5 4 7 5 4 5 4 7 4 5 7 4 4 4 7 7 7 9 9 9 9 full full

Gtr. 2 (B5) (E5) (D5)

9 (9) 7 9 7 7 7 9 9 9 8 9 8 10 8 9 8 10 10 (10) 8 10 9 10 (10) 8 10 8

Gtr. 3

9 (9) 7 9 7 7 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 10 (10) 8 10 9 8 10 10 (10) 8 10 9

(C5) (B5) (E5)
 full full full
 10 (10) 8 10 8 10 10 8 10 8 8 15 5 4 5 4 7 4 5 7 4

Gtrs. 2 & 3 (D5) (C5) (B5) (E5) *sva.*
 full full full
 4 4 7 7 9 9 9 12 12 12 14 14 12 12 12 15 (15) 15 12 15 12 15 12 15 12 15 12 15

Gtr. 2 (D5) (C5) B5 *sva.* *D.S. al Coda 2 (take 2nd ending)*
 full full full full full
 15 12 15 12 15 12 14 12 15 12 15 12 15 14 14 14 12 14 12 14 12 14 12

Gtr. 3 *sva.*
 1/2 full full full
 15 12 15 12 15 12 14 12 15 15 12 15 15 12 14 12 12 14 12 14 12 12 14

⊕ **Coda 2**
 Interlude

E5 D5 E5 G5 F#5 E5 D5 E5 N.C. E5 D5 E5 G5 F#5
 Oh, yeah,
 full
 9 9 7 9 12 11 9 9 9 7 9 9 7 5 9 7 12 11 9 9 7 5 9 7 12 11 9

E5 D5 E5 N.C. Verse E5 D5 E5 G5 F#5 E5 D5 E5 N.C.
 5. Now I have you with me un - der my pow'r.
 9 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 12 11 9 9 7 5 9 7 1/4 1/4 7 8 7 8

Our love grows stron - ger now with ev - 'ry hour. Look in - to my eyes you'll

E5 D5 E5 N.C. E5 D5 E5 G5 F#5 E5 D5 E5 N.C.

see who I am. My name is Lu - ci - fer please take my hand.

7/8 7/8 1/4 1/4

9/7 9/7 7/5 9/7 9/7 9/7 7/5 9/7 12/10 11/9 9/7 9/7 7/5 9/7 0 12 (0)

Outro
N.C.(E5) (D5) (C5) (B5)

5 7 5 7 7 5 5 7 5 7 7 5 5 7 5 7 7 5 7 7 7 10 7 10 (7)

[illegible]

(E5) (D5) (C5)

Gtr. 2

10 $\frac{1}{2}$ (10) full 10 8 10 8 9 8 10 10 (10) 8 10 9 8 10 10 full full

Gtr. 3

10 full (10) full 10 full (10) 8 10 9 8 10 10 full (10) 8 10 9 10 full full

(B5) E5 (D5)

8va

full full full full full full full

(10)(10) 8 10 8 10 8 14 12 12 15 (15) 12 15 15 12 15 12 15 12 12 14 12 15 15 15

8va

full let ring let ring full full full full full

10 10 10 14 12 12 14 12 12 15 15 12 15 15 12 15 12 15 12 14 12 15 12 14

(C5) (B5)

8va

3 full full 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ full

12 14 12 14 14 (14) 12 14 12 14 12 14 14 (14) X 12

8va

3 full full full full full full

15 12 14 12 14 12 14 12 14 12 14 12 15 15 12 14 (14) 12 14 12

(E5) (D5) (C5)

8va...

Free Time (B5)

8va...

E5 loco

8va... loco

N.C.

C5 D5

Verse
N.C.(E5)

1. The world to - day — is such a wick - ed place, _____
 pol - i - ti - cian's job they say is ver - y high, _____
 3. A wom - an goes to work ev - 'ry - day af - ter day, _____

P.M.

fight - ing go - ing on be - tween the hu - man — race. _____
 for he has to choose — who's got to go and — die. _____
 she just goes to work — just to earn her — pay. _____

P.M.

Peo - ple go to work just to earn — their bread, _____
 They — can put a man on the moon — quite eas - y, _____
 Child — sit - ting by but his life's much hard - er, _____

P.M.

while peo - ple just a - cross the sea are cart - ing their dead. _____
 while peo - ple here on earth are dy - in' of all dis - eas - es. _____
 he does - n't ev - en know who is his fath - er. _____

P.M.

1.

A Tempo
N.C.

To Coda

Slower ♩ = 84
N.C.(E5)

The musical score for 'To Coda' consists of two staves. The top staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It contains a melodic line with various note values, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The bottom staff is a single line for fingerings and bowings, with numbers 1-5 and bowing symbols (arrows) indicating the technique for each note. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Above the first staff, there are tempo and performance markings: 'A Tempo N.C.' and 'Slower ♩ = 84 N.C.(E5)'. A 'To Coda' symbol is placed above the middle of the first staff. A '1.' marking is at the top right. A '1/4' marking with an arrow points to a specific note in the bottom staff.

2.

N.C.

2. A

fdbk.

p

14 14 12 14 14 14 12 7 5

4 6 4 6 5 4 7 0

(0)

pitch: E

Interlude

* Faster ♩ = 144

Gtr. 1 tacet

N.C.(E5)

Gtr. 2 (slight dist.)

[illegible]

* New tempo applies to guitar only; bass and drums continue freely in previous tempo until indicated.

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in two systems. The first system contains the melody in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 3/4 time signature. The melody consists of a series of eighth-note triplets, each marked with a '3' above the notes. The second system contains the bass line, which is a simple accompaniment consisting of a sequence of eighth notes, each marked with a '0' above the note. The bass line is divided into three measures by vertical bar lines.

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in two systems. The first system consists of a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody is written in eighth notes, with many triplets indicated by a '3' above the notes. The second system consists of two staves. The top staff continues the melody, and the bottom staff contains a bass line with mostly whole and half notes, some marked with a '2' below them. The piece concludes with a final double bar line.

The first system of the musical score for 'The Little Boat' consists of a treble clef staff and a bass clef staff. The treble staff contains a melody in G major, starting on G4 and moving in eighth-note triplets. The bass staff contains a simple accompaniment pattern of eighth notes, with the left hand playing a steady eighth-note bass line and the right hand playing a pattern of eighth notes.

Guitar Solo
Moderately ♩ = 96

Gtr. 2 tacet
N.C.

Gtr. 1

f
w/pick

full

full

14 12 12 14 15 12 14 (14) 12 14 14

14 12 12 14 12 12 14 12 12 14 12 14 12 14

The musical score for "The Wind" by John Williams is presented in a single system. The top staff is in treble clef, key of D major (one sharp), and 5/4 time. The melody is characterized by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, often grouped with slurs and ornaments (wavy lines above the notes). The bottom staff is a bass line consisting of numbers (fingerings) and some notes. It includes markings such as "full" with a wavy line above it, indicating a full note or a specific articulation. The score is divided into two measures by a double bar line.

D.S. al Coda

rit.

1 1/2

full

2 1/2

12 12 14 (14) 12 14 12 12 14 14 14 12 14 12 (12)

5

$\oplus$ *Coda*

Coda

Outro
N.C.

E5 D5 E5

play 4 times

4 6 4 6 5 4 7

12 14 (12 13) 12 14 (12 13) 12 14

14 12 12 10 14 12

[illegible]

A Bit of Finger

Words and Music by Frank Iommi, John Osbourne, William Ward and Terence Butler

Intro

Moderately ♩ = 90
Em(add9)

1., 2., 3.

4.

Red sun

Gtr. 1 (acous.) Rhy. Fig. 1 End Rhy. Fig. 1

let ring throughout

TAB

0 7 4 7 4 0 4 7 0 7 4 7 4 0 0 0 0 7 4 7 4 0 0 0

* Recording sounds approx. 1/4 step flat.

Verse

Gtr. 1: w/ Rhy. Fig. 1, 3 1/2 times
Em(add9)

ris - ing in the sky. Sleep - ing vil - lage, cock - 'rel's

cry. Soft breeze blow - ing in the trees. Peace of

Gtr. 1: w/ Rhy. Fig. 1, 2 times

mind, feel at ease.

Gtr. 1 E
6
open
O

Segue to "Sleeping Village"

Sleeping Village

Words and Music by Frank Iommi, John Osbourne, William Ward and Terence Butler

Intro

Moderately Slow Rock ♩ = 72

N.C.(A)

* Gtrs. 1 & 2 (dist.)

play 4 times

N.C.(A)

* Gtr. 2 enters at measure two

The image shows a musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". It consists of two staves. The top staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature. The melody is written in a simple, folk-like style. The bottom staff is a bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature. The bass line is written in a simple, folk-like style. The score is divided into four measures by vertical bar lines. The first measure contains the first line of the melody and the first line of the bass line. The second measure contains the second line of the melody and the second line of the bass line. The third measure contains the third line of the melody and the third line of the bass line. The fourth measure contains the fourth line of the melody and the fourth line of the bass line. The melody and bass line are written in a simple, folk-like style. The score is divided into four measures by vertical bar lines. The first measure contains the first line of the melody and the first line of the bass line. The second measure contains the second line of the melody and the second line of the bass line. The third measure contains the third line of the melody and the third line of the bass line. The fourth measure contains the fourth line of the melody and the fourth line of the bass line.

[illegible][illegible]

Faster ♩ = 182

F5 D5 D5 A5 C5 F5 N.C.(D5) N.C. *(D5)

10 10 8 12 12 10 6 5 3

10 12 12 (12) 7 10 (10) 10 10 5 8 8 10 12

* Chord implied by bass.

full 10 13 10 12 12 10 12 12 10 12 10 13 13 10 13 10 12 10 13 10 12

12 10 12 10 12 12 10 12 10 12 12 10 12 10 13 13 10 13 13 12 10 12

12 10 12 12 10 12 10 10 10 13 13 10 13 13 10 13 10 13 10

10 10 10 13 13 10 13 10 12 13 10 13 10 13 10 12 12 10 13 10 12 12 10 12

Handwritten musical score for guitar, featuring a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The score is divided into four systems, each consisting of a musical staff and a corresponding fretboard diagram.

System 1:

- Musical staff: Four measures of music. The first measure contains a whole note chord. The second and third measures contain eighth notes. The fourth measure contains a half note.
- Fretboard diagram: Shows fingerings for the first four measures. The first measure has a whole note chord with fingers 12, 10, 12, 12, 10, 12. The second measure has a half note with finger 12. The third measure has a half note with finger 12. The fourth measure has a half note with finger 12.

System 2:

- Musical staff: Four measures of music. The first measure contains a whole note chord. The second and third measures contain eighth notes. The fourth measure contains a half note.
- Fretboard diagram: Shows fingerings for the first four measures. The first measure has a whole note chord with fingers 12, 10, 12, 12, 10, 12. The second measure has a half note with finger 12. The third measure has a half note with finger 12. The fourth measure has a half note with finger 12.

System 3:

- Musical staff: Four measures of music. The first measure contains a whole note chord. The second and third measures contain eighth notes. The fourth measure contains a half note.
- Fretboard diagram: Shows fingerings for the first four measures. The first measure has a whole note chord with fingers 13, 13, (13), 13, 10, 13. The second measure has a half note with finger 13. The third measure has a half note with finger 13. The fourth measure has a half note with finger 13.

System 4:

- Musical staff: Four measures of music. The first measure contains a whole note chord. The second and third measures contain eighth notes. The fourth measure contains a half note.
- Fretboard diagram: Shows fingerings for the first four measures. The first measure has a whole note chord with fingers 12, 10, 12, 12, 10, 12. The second measure has a half note with finger 12. The third measure has a half note with finger 12. The fourth measure has a half note with finger 12.

Warning

Words and Music by Alex Dmochowski, Victor Hickling, John Moreshead and Aynsley Dunbar

Intro

Slowly ♩ = 80

Gtr. 1 (dist.) N.C. (D5) (F5) (F#5) (G5) (D5)

fdbk. mp full full full full full

TAB (8) 8-10 12 12-10 13 (13) 10 13 13-10 13-10 12 (12)10-12 10 12

Verse

N.C. (D5)

I. Now, the first day that I met ya I was look-in' in the sky when the

1/4 full 1/4

(12) 10 12 10 12 10 12 10 12 10 12 10 12

(G5)

sun turned all a blur and the thun-der clouds rolled by. The sea be-gan to shiv-er and the

full 1/4 full

12 10 10 12 10 12 10 10 10 12 12 10 10 12 10 12

(D5)

wind be-gan to moan. It must have been a sign for me to leave you well a-lone. I was

full

(12) 10 10 10 12 10 10 12 10 12 10 10 10 12 10 12

F5 F#5 G5

born with-out you ba-by, but my feel-ings were a lit-tle bit too

mf w/ flanger

full 13 full 13 13

3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

N.C.(D5) Guitar Solo
N.C. (D5)

strong. —

13 10 13 10 12 (12) 10 12 10

full

12

12 10 10 13 10 12 (12) 10 12 10 12 10 10

full

Musical score for "The Rose Tree". The score consists of a treble clef staff and a bass staff. The treble staff contains a melody with a triplet of eighth notes and a section marked "diva". The bass staff contains a bass line with fingerings (10, 12, 10, 13, 10, 12, 12, 10, 12, 10, 12, 14, 13, 15, 14, 13, 13, 15, 13, 15, 15, 15, 13) and a "full" instruction.

(G5)
loco

(D5)

13 14 13 15 13 13 12 10 12 (12) 10 12 10

10 12 10 12 10 12 10 8 10 8

12 10 12 12 (12) 10 12

full

full

(D5)

13 10 13 10 12 (12) 10 12 10

12

10 12 10 12 10

10 12 10 12 10

10 12 10 12 10 12 10 12 10

The musical score for "The Wind" by John Williams is presented in two staves. The top staff is for the piano, and the bottom staff is for the guitar. The key signature is G major (one sharp, F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score includes a key signature change to G major and a tempo change to "loco".

Piano Part:

- Measures 1-4: The piano part begins with a series of eighth notes, starting on G4 and moving up to B4. The tempo is marked "loco".
- Measures 5-8: The piano part continues with a series of eighth notes, starting on G4 and moving up to B4. The tempo is marked "loco".
- Measures 9-12: The piano part continues with a series of eighth notes, starting on G4 and moving up to B4. The tempo is marked "loco".

Guitar Part:

- Measures 1-4: The guitar part begins with a series of eighth notes, starting on G4 and moving up to B4. The tempo is marked "loco".
- Measures 5-8: The guitar part continues with a series of eighth notes, starting on G4 and moving up to B4. The tempo is marked "loco".
- Measures 9-12: The guitar part continues with a series of eighth notes, starting on G4 and moving up to B4. The tempo is marked "loco".

The second system of musical notation continues the piece. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The melody is written on a single staff. Above the staff, there are two wavy lines indicating a tremolo or vibrato effect. The notation includes various note values, rests, and articulation marks. A measure with a triplet of eighth notes is marked with a '3' below it. The system concludes with a double bar line.

Verse
N.C. (D5)

3. Now the whole wide world is mov - in' 'cause there's i - ron in my heart. I

(G5)

just can't keep from cry - in' 'cause you say we've got to part. _ Sor - row grips my voice as I

The first system contains a vocal melody and a guitar accompaniment. The vocal line is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat. The guitar line is in standard tuning with fret numbers indicated below the staff. The lyrics are: "just can't keep from cry - in' 'cause you say we've got to part. _ Sor - row grips my voice as I".

(D5)

stand here all a - lone _ and watch you slow - ly take a-way a love I've nev - er known. _ I was

The second system continues the vocal melody and guitar accompaniment. The vocal line is in treble clef. The guitar line is in standard tuning with fret numbers indicated below the staff. The lyrics are: "stand here all a - lone _ and watch you slow - ly take a-way a love I've nev - er known. _ I was".

F5 F#5 G5

born with-out you ba - by, but my feel - ings were a lit - tle bit too

The third system continues the vocal melody and guitar accompaniment. The vocal line is in treble clef. The guitar line is in standard tuning with fret numbers indicated below the staff. The lyrics are: "born with-out you ba - by, but my feel - ings were a lit - tle bit too".

Guitar Solo
Free Time
N.C.

D5

strong, just a lit - tle bit too strong.

The fourth system features a guitar solo and a vocal line. The guitar solo is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat. The vocal line is in treble clef. The guitar line is in standard tuning with fret numbers indicated below the staff. The lyrics are: "strong, just a lit - tle bit too strong.".

The image shows a musical score for a piece titled "L'Allegretto" by Beethoven. The score is written for piano and guitar. The piano part is in the upper staff, and the guitar part is in the lower staff. The piano part begins with a "loco" section, indicated by a dashed line and the word "loco". This section is followed by a "8va" section, indicated by a dashed line and the word "8va". The guitar part begins with a "full" section, indicated by a dashed line and the word "full". The score includes various musical notations, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The piano part is in 3/4 time, and the guitar part is in 3/4 time. The score is written in G major and 3/4 time. The piano part is in the upper staff, and the guitar part is in the lower staff. The score includes various musical notations, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The piano part is in 3/4 time, and the guitar part is in 3/4 time. The score is written in G major and 3/4 time.

The musical score for guitar is presented in two systems. The top system features a melodic line in G major, 8/4 time, marked *loco*. It includes triplets and a *rit.* (ritardando) section. The bottom system is a fretboard diagram showing the fret numbers for the corresponding notes.

Melodic Line:

- Staff 1: *loco* (8/4 time). Notes: G4 (quarter), A4 (quarter), B4 (quarter), C5 (quarter), D5 (quarter), E5 (quarter), F#5 (quarter), G5 (quarter). There are triplets over the first three notes and the next three notes.
- Staff 2: *rit.* (8/4 time). Notes: G5 (quarter), A5 (quarter), B5 (quarter), C6 (quarter), D6 (quarter), E6 (quarter), F#6 (quarter), G6 (quarter). There are triplets over the first three notes and the next three notes.
- Staff 3: *on cue:* (8/4 time). Notes: G6 (quarter), A6 (quarter), B6 (quarter), C7 (quarter), D7 (quarter), E7 (quarter), F#7 (quarter), G7 (quarter). There are triplets over the first three notes and the next three notes.
- Staff 4: *N.C.* (8/4 time). Notes: G7 (quarter), A7 (quarter), B7 (quarter), C8 (quarter), D8 (quarter), E8 (quarter), F#8 (quarter), G8 (quarter). There are triplets over the first three notes and the next three notes.

Fretboard Diagram:

- Staff 1: 12 10 12 10
- Staff 2: 12 12 10 12 10 10
- Staff 3: 12 11 10 11 10 8
- Staff 4: 10
- Staff 5: 12 14
- Staff 6: 12 14
- Staff 7: 12 14
- Staff 8: 12 12 12 12
- Staff 9: 12 14
- Staff 10: 12 14

[illegible]

[illegible]

The musical score for 'Siva' is written in G major (one sharp) and 5/4 time. The treble staff contains the melody, which includes a triplet of eighth notes in the first measure and a triplet of eighth notes in the fourth measure. The bass staff provides a figured bass accompaniment with various figures such as 15, 12, 14, 15, 12, 15, 12, 14, 12, 15, 12, 15, 12, 15, 12, 14, 15, 12, 15, 12, 14, 14, and 12. The score is marked with 'Siva' and 'Harm.'.

Handwritten musical score for guitar, featuring a treble clef staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 5/4 time signature. The melody is written in a single staff. Below the staff, there are two rows of fret numbers (12, 14, 10, 12, 14, etc.) indicating fingerings for the notes.

Faster ♩ = 130 (♩ = ♩³)

12-14 12 12-14 12 12-14 12 14 12 12-14 12 12-14 12 14 12 12-14 12

[illegible][illegible]

8va ... loco

full

14 12 12 14 12 15 15 12 14 12 14 14 14 14 12 14 12 14 14 12 14 14 12 14 14 12 14 12 14 14

First system of musical notation. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It contains a sequence of eighth and sixteenth notes, some grouped in triplets. The bottom staff is a single-line bass staff with fret numbers (0, 2, 3) and a dashed line labeled "P.M." above it.

Second system of musical notation. The top staff continues the melodic line with triplets and some chromatic movement. The bottom staff includes fret numbers and dynamic markings such as "full" and "1/2". A dashed line labeled "P.M." is present above the staff.

Third system of musical notation. The top staff features more complex melodic patterns with triplets and slurs. The bottom staff contains fret numbers and dynamic markings like "full" and "1/2". A dashed line labeled "8va" is positioned above the staff.

Fourth system of musical notation. The top staff continues the melodic development. The bottom staff includes fret numbers and dynamic markings such as "full". A dashed line labeled "8va" is positioned above the staff.

Fifth system of musical notation. The top staff shows further melodic progression. The bottom staff includes fret numbers and dynamic markings like "1/4". A dashed line labeled "8va" is positioned above the staff.

Outro-Guitar Solo

Free Time

w/ rhythm section

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

8va

3

loco

3

3

3

3

3

full

14

12 15 12 12

14 14

15 12

15 12

14

15 12

full

14 14

14

12 14 12 12

14

14 12

14 12

14

12 14

12

full

14

12

Guitar Notation Legend

Guitar Music can be notated three different ways: on a *musical staff*, in *tablature*, and in *rhythm slashes*.

RHYTHM SLASHES are written above the staff. Strum chords in the rhythm indicated. Use the chord diagrams found at the top of the first page of the transcription for the appropriate chord voicings. Round noteheads indicate single notes.

THE MUSICAL STAFF shows pitches and rhythms and is divided by bar lines into measures. Pitches are named after the first seven letters of the alphabet.

TABLATURE graphically represents the guitar fingerboard. Each horizontal line represents a string, and each number represents a fret.

Notes:

Strings:

4th string, 2nd fret 1st & 2nd strings open, played together open D chord

HALF-STEP BEND: Strike the note and bend up 1/2 step.

BEND AND RELEASE: Strike the note and bend up as indicated, then release back to the original note. Only the first note is struck.

HAMMER-ON: Strike the first (lower) note with one finger, then sound the higher note (on the same string) with another finger by fretting it without picking.

TRILL: Very rapidly alternate between the notes indicated by continuously hammering on and pulling off.

PICK SCRAPE: The edge of the pick is rubbed down (or up) the string, producing a scratchy sound.

TREMOLO PICKING: The note is picked as rapidly and continuously as possible.

WHOLE-STEP BEND: Strike the note and bend up one step.

PRE-BEND: Bend the note as indicated, then strike it.

PULL-OFF: Place both fingers on the notes to be sounded. Strike the first note and without picking, pull the finger off to sound the second (lower) note.

TAPPING: Hammer ("tap") the fret indicated with the pick-hand index or middle finger and pull off to the note fretted by the fret hand.

MUFFLED STRINGS: A percussive sound is produced by laying the fret hand across the string(s) without depressing, and striking them with the pick hand.

VIBRATO BAR DIVE AND RETURN: The pitch of the note or chord is dropped a specified number of steps (in rhythm) then returned to the original pitch.

GRACE NOTE BEND: Strike the note and bend up as indicated. The first note does not take up any time.

VIBRATO: The string is vibrated by rapidly bending and releasing the note with the fretting hand.

LEGATO SLIDE: Strike the first note and then slide the same fret-hand finger up or down to the second note. The second note is not struck.

NATURAL HARMONIC: Strike the note while the fret-hand lightly touches the string directly over the fret indicated.

PALM MUTING: The note is partially muted by the pick hand lightly touching the string(s) just before the bridge.

VIBRATO BAR SCOOP: Depress the bar just before striking the note, then quickly release the bar.

SLIGHT (MICROTONE) BEND: Strike the note and bend up 1/4 step.

WIDE VIBRATO: The pitch is varied to a greater degree by vibrating with the fretting hand.

SHIFT SLIDE: Same as legato slide, except the second note is struck.

PINCH HARMONIC: The note is fretted normally and a harmonic is produced by adding the edge of the thumb or the tip of the index finger of the pick hand to the normal pick attack.

RAKE: Drag the pick across the strings indicated with a single motion.

VIBRATO BAR DIP: Strike the note and then immediately drop a specified number of steps, then release back to the original pitch.

BLACK SABBATH

BLACK SABBATH

THE WIZARD

WASP

BEHIND THE WALL OF SLEEP

BASSICALLY

N.I.B.

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A BIT OF FINGER

SLEEPING VILLAGE

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